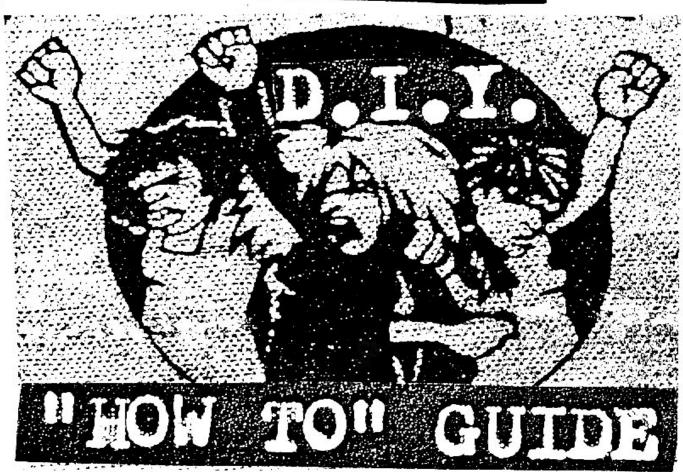
fuck specialists and fuck paying for shit, de it yrself...



silkscreening, pirate radio, gardening, putting out records, wheat pasting, herbal remedies, scamming the post office how to give directions to touring bands for stupid motherfuckers, patch making, scamming photocopies, guitar intonation making zines, booking tours, recepies,

making blow-up creatures.

we need to build a community in which we can share resourges and rely on eachother, this includes sharing imformation and learning how to be autonomous as a community that is the purpose of this zine. there is no of individuals (or teams) that can do totally amazing things, fuck specialists and professionals don't need them... please help spread this zine. for more another place to urban pirates 201 n cedar st 2695 rangewood dr. greensboro, No atlanta, GA 30345 or Crimething.com please help with postag wheat pasting... 3 -LesBinnAmmens HIS PROJECT IS DEDICATED TO JACOS 5-1; THARK FOR CONSTANTLY AIDING US WITH OUR URBAN PIRACY.

THE ART AND SCIENCE OF WHEATPASTING_

Wheatpasting posters around town is a great factic to get radical messages beyond the "radical ghetto" (of your friends) and get them where they need to go: before the public. Orice a flyer has been wheatpasted to a light pole or utility box, it will stay up until someone scrapes it off. Stapling posters is much more temporary, and impossible in most modern downtown areas where wood telephone poles have all been removed.

The first and most important part of wheatpasting is to make a great flyer: lots of radical stuff, good strong images, LARGE size type to grab people's attention, humor. If possible, give interested people a way to contact "the movement."

You can either make your own paste or buy wallpaper paste at the hardware store. To make your own, pour one cup of corn llour storeh into 1 1/2 cups of water. Stir to remove all lumps, heat to boil until it thickens and add more water until it turns into a thick, clear goop. Cook on low heat for a at least half an hour, being careful not to burn it. It expands a lot; experiment. Some wheatpasters prefer store bought because it is more consistent.

Out on the street, use a wide paintbrush to spread the paste on the target surface, and for best results on the back of the poster. Some people put paste over the top of the poster too, while others think this looks messy and doesn't help. Pay attention to getting the corners of the poster down--if they're not tight they'll make it easy to lear down.

One expert favors using a bike with a huge front basket to hold the bucket of paste. Another suggests using an empty dishwashing soap bottle to squeeze the wheatpaste directly onto the brush. Having two people (one to handle paste, another to handle the posters) helps avoid getting paste on the posters, which can cause them to stick hopelessly together. Plus its fun and someone can watch for the cops. Or, carry a rag to wipe your hands. Gloves are usually more trouble than they're worth. Postering on a bike can make escape a lot easier down alleys and one way streets.

Wheatpasting is the ultimate do-it-yourself radical propaganda weapon. Have fun!



SILKSCRPE

MY FRIEND NATE TAUGHT ME how to SILKSCREEN. SINCE THEN, SEVERAL FRIENDS HAVE ASKED ME TO PASS ON This information to them, so i Decided to MAKE A Little "how-To guide. ldiot-PROOF Directions,., Here goes

NOW WILL NICED!

· SOME SOUT OF FRAME

. SHOWER

• INK:

- . SILKSCFEEN MESH
- . STAPLE GUN AND STAPLES

FOR MAKENIAL: ACTYLIC HORTILE

- (rones with plant emulsion) Photo EMULSION KIT AND SENSIFIZER)
 - · thblespoon

PAINT + LINNER (OF turperting

OR AASOLINE)

oil chased textile ink and

ink bR

- BOWL
- (something dim- Key, blue, green) other stuff. NATE has something dim- Key, blue, green) successfully printed stirts OTHER +YPES OF INKYPHINT · CANdle of cologed light
 - SqVEEGEE
- A DARK TOOM

* 200 WATT BUILD AND

LAMP.

WITH HOUSE PAINT

- · Access to Priotocopy place
 - · CLEAC TAPE

PREPATING AN IN AGE ...

Greys WILL not WORK, ALthough you can Make Areas THAT Appear Grey With dots years night Be confusing, But i'll explain if the Best I can. CHOOSE A high-contrast Black and white image WILL BE ABLE to Print it Any color you WANT) OR ONE that can be made to be that way-you

image (some self-serve photocopiers Have fou might have to MAKE A negative of the this function .. If not, ASK the People Behind the coulder AT A PHOTO copy Shop To DO it).

BASICALLY, WHATEVER IS BLACK ON YR IMAGE, WILL BE the parts That get printed. I'M NEED to CONSIDER WHAT COLOR INK YOU WILL USE ON WHAT COLOR FABRIC (OR PAPER) BEFORE Defermining How the image should be.



IF you made A scapeen of THIS image As is, the "E" And the circle would print;



Around them would print and the "E" And the "E" And the circle would be created by negative space (UNPPINTED FABRIC)

REMEMber --- WHATEVER IS Black WILL BEINK especially when Dealing with Pictures. Just IT IS VERY IMPORTANT to get this shir Right, I will give ANOTher example:



SAY this is the inage you start with The background is BLOCK AND the FLAMES ARE white. But you want to paint the Flames with RED INK ON BLACK FABRIC.



you would Have to MAKE A negative of the The "RIACK WILL EVENTUALLY BE THE OPEN IMAGE SO HAT the FLAMES ARE BITCK. parts of the screen THAT you cAN push Red int through

NEXT, MAKE A TrANSPACENCY OF the IMAGE (YOU MIGHT HAVE to USE the PEOPLE BEHIND THE COUNTER RAMIN) MAKE SURE the Black Parts are dark, for Larger designs, you may need to tape two Transparencies together .. Do This chaefully.

MAKING A SCIEEN.

This is a job for two Dirty Kids. Aquique a frame you could buy one alteredy made, but come on, yo not a dumb-Ass. Re use old frames from usely not a dumb-Ass. Re use old frames from usely not a dumb-Ass. Re use old frames from usely art art work (cut the cavas off) Laying Around or purchased for cheap at a thrity of an out to size. Dumpster sone wood that you can out to size. Dumpster sone wood that you can out to size. The off a hore than hardware stoke or Lowber yard and Havie than cut it for you if you can, out (or have than out) the Ends at 45° angles like so.

STURDY FRAME, ALTHOUGH
IT WILL WORK WITH

XStrhight edgest too.

Staple the frame together on every side

that You CAN:

Thy to do This on the Floor of Another Level SURFACE - you will need the Frame to LAY to the LAY FLAT.

Stretch the sepen mesh over the firme. You will nice two or so inches what on every edge to work with so keep that in mind while cutting. Have one kid stretch and one kid stretch is like this best what strate is like this

South State

The Street He Picture. This ALLOWS the Screen to Street PRETTY EVENLY. PUT in ONE STAPLE ABOUT EVERY INCH AND A HALF the FIRST FINE ACOUNT. LENVE THE CORNECT FOR LAST. YR GONN HAVE TO STREEL IT HIGHT (YR FINGETS Should START to hur? From Strething so HARD) ONCE YOU'VE STAPLED ACOUND A SECOND TINE. This TIME STREEL THE SCREEN FIGHT BETWEEN EVERY TWO STAPLES WITH AND ADD ANOTHER AND FUCK-YOU'FINGES WITH AND ADD ANOTHER STAPLE.

LAST, STRETCH AND STAFFE THE CORNERS.
FEEL THE SCREEN. IT Should FEEL TIGHT WHEREVER THERE ARE BUNDS, REPEAT THE STRETCHING AND STAFFLING WHEN THE

you can Hammer

down my stadios

STREPCHING AND STREPCHED, YOU CAN SCREEN TO THE EAST 14" FROM THE EAST 14" FROM THE EAGE, STAPLES SO THE SCREEN WON'T TEAK.

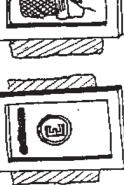
Applying PHOTOEHUSION

MAKE A DANTROOM. IT NEEDS TO BE PIVETTY dARK, but A CTACK OF LIGHT HERE AND THERE IS ALRIGHT. Bring the FAM, TABLESPOON, Photo EMULSION KIT, CANDLE (OR COLORED HOT) SHRETCHED SCREEN, Squeegee AND bown INTO the ROOM And close, the Dood Light the CANDLE

Light can seep under AND expose SMALL Lines in ye Design). Basically, what Will Happen is the Light vill "cook" out of the DARKROOM AND PLACE It under emulsion. The Rest you will have to gently Rub off with ya fingers. Do this on Both 5:00s, Hold the screen up to the light And Check if the Emulsion the been total. REMOVE the transparency AND run the screen REMOVED IN the AREAS that WERE BLOCKED. WARM WATER WILL FUCK UP the EMULSION! ye inage the many finy details you strong expose it for a Bit Less, As to prevent the Bottem of the screen from Being Exposed to Direct Light. Bring the screen into the BATHROOM AND TOAN the struck on COLD (yes, cold water It the screen with the FAN AGAIN YOU SHOULD AND YOU WILL BE ALDS to WASH OFF The et it congretely Dry - About AN Hour or So. E there is ANY REMAINING, REPEAT. DRY glass over the transparency insted the Light. You will need to Expose it The exposeD emulision on to the screen MATER 35 MINUTES TURN The LighTOTTE. TRY SHOULD TAKE OFF MOST OF the UNWANTED FOR ABOUT 25 MINUTES (ALTHOUGH IF inder the stlawer. The water by itself SUCKS AND IT MAKES YR HANDS. ACHE, but PARTS THAT WERE HIDDEN FROM The LIGHT OF USING TAPR. BRING The SURCEN

RRINTING ... YAY!

EMHENEVER YOU PrINTS, YOU SHOULD do 2 of 3
preliningry prinTs on scrap Fabric-or
paper-not only to Look Flor Flaws (which
can Usually Be fixed with tape on the 40p
of the screen), But Also to work the
ink through the screen.]
LAY the screen for side Down on the
papric. Take A spoon And put Agenetars
papric. Take A spoon And put Agenetars
papric. Take A spoon And put Agenetars
promit of ink Along the Top of the
Design IT's Best to take 2 kips for this





Step too ... ONE to HOLD The SCREEN AND olve to Squeegee. Take the Squeegee And oben't cover the Design with A thick open't of ink (you strough the ink). Next see the design through the ink). Next see the design through the ink through the You can go in different directions too.

Every Design is different the Anmount to expiring to the thing the Anmount to expiring the the fine the Anmount to expiring the the fine the Squeegee over it. To Rehole

HAPPY Printing! FUCKEN DILY !!! STORKUNT BHOTMAN THE TO CONTACT ME you can Figure this out on ye ow N.

If you need mose into About THE process
DR How to aguine centain supplies, feel Two carde designs Require 2 Dersent. (3 colors Two carde designs Require 2 Dersent. (3 colors 7 Secretary Ene up The you will there to card card print. You can get Hinges And Second Print. You can get Hinges And Make A press so that you can know extently where the servern will Fall.

15 MINUTES AND 2 HOURS depending on The int and what you printed on you Ory on it's own. It could take between CAN Speed this process up with A HARI-Let ACTIFIED IN ON TEXTILES OF PAPER Chyer it you want

you deter mine how many minutes it takes (OR PATTCHES) ON A COOKIE Sheet, HINFOIL, PAPER - It'S NOT ABSORBENT ENOUGH).
AFFER MUCH EXPIRIMENTING, Y HAVE FOUND
+LAFT 5 to MINGES AT 250-300 F THE YR SUPPOSED TO BAKE SOMETHING FOR 20 MINUTES AT 200° , YOU CAN INSTED BAKE SURE NOTHING IS HANGING ONTO THE burneR. MY DAD HAS This Theory that oil ink will take weeks to dry on it's WORK, CHECK ON YR SHIRTS OFTEN UNTIL WORKS WELL. YOU CAN PUT the stirts it for 10 minutes at 4000. This theory OWN, so place ya patches of stirts WAS proven wrong when i set two CATHACSIS Hoodies on FIRE It closes I'T OR STrAIGHT ON the OVEN MACKS, MAKE in the over (DON'T USE OIL INKS ON

You need to Heat set Printed #ABN'c So that

one HAND AND gently Lift the screen with become Distacted, you will need to wife YOU WILL BE Able to determINE IF YOU ARE USING too MUCH OF TOO LITTLE INK bY LOOKING AT the PRINTS. This ALL TAKES PRACTICE - DON'T WOTRY, YOU'LL BE A PRO IN NO TIME. IF THE PRINTS START TO SCREEN, Hard the FABRIC DOWN WITH OFF THE TOP OF THE SCREEN WITH A

the other.

CLEAN OFF ACTYLIC INK IN the COLD Shower! CICAN UP. AND dry the SCIEEN.

solthe ink MAY start to harden, so you

MIGHT WANT to TAKE A BREAK to LASH

ALSO, AFTER A LOT OF PRINTS (SAY 30 OF

rag (if ye using oil-Basedink, ust A biT

OF TURPENTINE OR THINNER to DO this).

It is important that you chean the screen CLEAN UP OIL INK WITH PAINT THINNET OR TURPENTINE (OR GASOLINE) AND A BUNCH OF RAGS. YOU CAN TAKE UR TINE WITH OIL INK, AS IT WILL TAKE A WEEK OF TWO TO And tooks immediately when using Acrylic because it Dries FAST.

dry on it's own,

the ink Doesn'T come off in the WASH. Throw then in the Orver on High FOR ABOUT 45 MINUTES.

inflatablebombsyoucan blowupagainandagain

.... WEIRG BANCING IN ALL-HIGHT COMPETER-BANKING LOBBIES. UNAUTHORIZED PTROTECHNIC GISPLAYS. LAND BAT, EASTH WORKS AS BLEARRE ALIEN BRIMACTS STREWN IN STATE PARKS. ABANGORED, INFLATED BALLOON SCHLETURG POPTER BY WARRES MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS. BURGLARIZE HOUSES BUT INSTEAD OF STALING, LEANE POETIC TERRORIST GRACETS, KIBRAP SOMEONE AND MAKE THEM MAPPY.

PICE FONCOME AT RANGOM AND CONTINCE THEM THEY'RE THE HEIR TO AN ENGRADUS, USELERS AND AMAZING FORTUNE-SAY SOOD SCHARE MILES OF AMIARCITCA, OR AN AGING CIRCUS ELEPHANT, OR AN ORPHANAGE IN BOMBAT, ON A COLLECTION OF ALCHEMICAL MSS. LATER THEY WILL COME TO REALIZE THAT FOR A FEW MOMENTS THEY BELIEVES IN SOMETHING EXTRAORDINART, A WILL PERHAPS BE SALVEN AS A RESULT TO SEEK OUT A MORE INTERSEMENT OF INISTINCE

Materials:

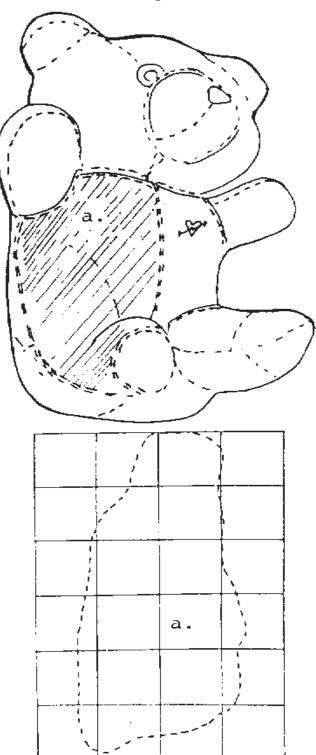
1.) 2 mil plastic painlers tarp. This is available at any hardware store. Rolls of plastic should indicate the weight on the package (...2 mil, 4 mil, 6 mil, etc.) 2 mil is lightest and most compact, 4 mil is bulkier but more durable. You should never go heavier than 4 mil. Plastic tarps vary in the size, we suggest acquiring the largest rolls possible (20ft x 200ft is good) that way you will have less piecing together to do when making the largest panels of your inflatable.

2.) clear 2 inch packing tape. Don't go budget on this, get the name brand stuff, Scotch, 3M etc. Start with around 4 rolls, this will vary with the size of your inflatable. Avoid anything that says "Easy Tear" -- that means its weak.

3.) I box fan. Any ghetto, 2 speed box fan will do the job. Don't think that you're going to need an industrial fan to inflate a huge sculpture, the only requirement is constant airflow. (I once saw a bedside fan inflate a 50ft sculpture.) The only advantage with using a bigger fan is faster inflation time. Because we needed our teddy bear to inflate in around 2 minutes we used something slightly bigger than a box fan.

4) a large flat space, preferably inside. This is the most difficult thing to come by. It is helpful if one of your collaborators is connected with a school because a gym or auditorium stage is ideal.

5) a pattern. The most readily available patterns are found in stuffed animals. Every orifice of the world explodes with these objects. You may want to create your own pattern, but this requires extra skills if you are excellent at sewing (you know who you are) you know what I mean. If you chose this route, make a



- 6) tape measure
- 7) permanent marker
- 8.) scissors
- 9.) withty knives. Atacto knives, or razor bladgs

For our demonstration, we will be using a leddy bear because of its availability; there are plenty of simpler shapes to make all the instructions still apply.

1.) Begin by making a small drawing of your leddy bear. It doesn't have to be spectacular; you'll just need a picture for reference after you cut up the bear.

2.) Measure the length, width, and height of the stuffed animal. Write the measurements down on your drawing.

3) Carefully cut off all the appendages right along the seams and put them in a safe place.

4.) Pull the stuffing out of the torso and out each seam so that the pieces lay flat like pieces of a puzzle.

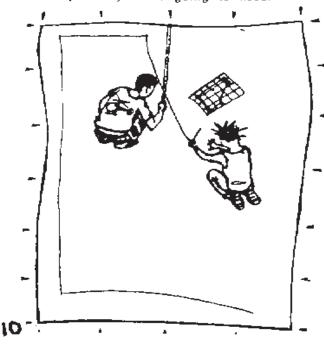
5.) LABEL each piece so that you know exactly how they fit together. Indicate on your drawing where each piece goes. not skip this step, when all your pieces are cut apart they will be very hard to recognize and easy to mix up, lose, etc.

6) Repeat this labeling process with all

the appendages.

7.) On I inch graph paper (you may have to make this grid yourself with a pencil and ruler) trace the individual labeled pieces of the bear. These tracings with serve as your blue print when you lay out the shapes on the plastic.

8.1 Now decide how large you want to make your inflatable and set up a proportion between the length of your small teddy pear and the length that you want your inflatable. For example, the leddy bear we used was about B inches long, to enlarge it to 40 feet we made each square inch of our blue print grid equal to live square feet of plastic. This proportion will help you decide how much plastic you are going to need.



9.) Unroll and unfold your plastic. If you want to be especially contentious of your craft, you may draw a grid of one foot marks on the floor in oil pastel (easy to clean, hard to smear) so that you can easily align the uncut plastic, Make sure the grid you lay out is square (90 degrees).

10) Armed ₩ith your blue print, permanent marker, and tape measure, transfer your small blue prints directly onto the plastic. You don't have to be loo exact, but with care you should end up with a very close (scaled up) duplication of the shapes on your graph paper.

(1.) Label the pieces as you cut them out so you can remember how they fit together and what part they belong to.

12.) When all of your pieces are cut out, tape them logether. I suggest doing the parts (torso, arm 1, arm 2, etc.) separately. When you have completed all of the pieces assemble them into your final shape.

Taping:

13.) We have developed a system of taping in pairs while sealed on the floor. Person I tears pieces of tape into 6 to 12 inch pieces (12 for seams that are straight 6 for seams that are curved). holds the two pieces flat together like two pages in a closed book. Person I applies the tape lengthwise onto one piece of plastic, so that 50% of the width hangs over then folds the other 50% over onto the other side. While Person 1 is tearing off more tape, Person 2 squeezes the seam to reinforce it.

14.) Assemble the inflatable leaving a space in the bottom of one of the feet so a fan tube can be built. This hole will also allow you to go inside the inflatable to finish the final seams

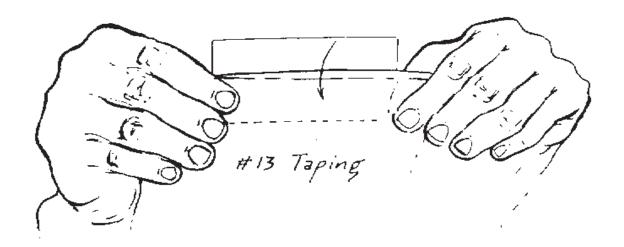
15.) Tape the fan to the designated hole or to an extension tube that you may wish to make. Be extra thorough, as this will be a

high stress connection.

16.) Inflate your teddy bear by turning the fan on high. IMPORTANT: once it is fully inflated, turn the fan to LOW. When your bear inflates for the first time seams will pop open -- this is totally normal. Leave the bear inflated and with one person inside cover the holes with plastic patches. Remember that holes are not necessarily a problem, the fan will constantly be pumping in air and that air has to go somewhere. To leave some holes, just reinforce them with tape. found that the older our bear got, the better her seams became, and we think that this has something to do with the tape becoming stickier with age.

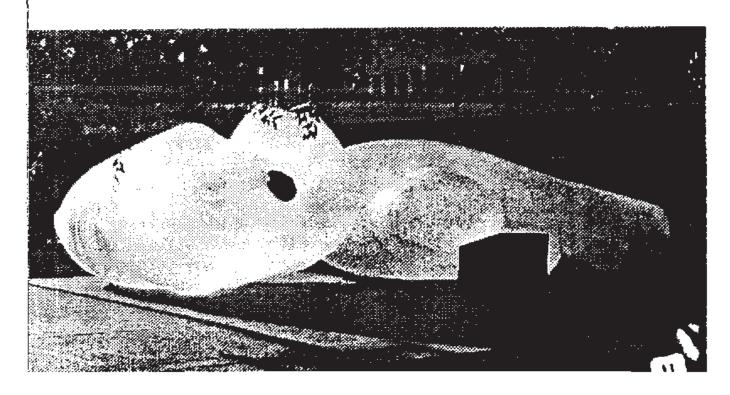
17.) Your giant inflatable sculpture can roll up to an amazingly small size and weighs very little. Recruit help for this step, the more people you have the

lighter your inflatable will pack.



18.) Your final instruction: become a secret agent, stalk your city in disguise looking for lifeless spaces: public parks, street corners, town squares, corporate campuses, municipal lobbies, children's play grounds... they're everywhere. Now pack up your giant teddy bear, fan and extension cord, take it to your spot and blow it up like it was a bomb. This is The transformation of poetic terrorism an environment is a gift to yourself and everyone who bears witness: Make it an occasion. Dress up. Claim credit under a false name. Be legendary. Make art a crime, commit crime as art, then steal away in the confusion. The best poetic terrorism is against the law, but there's nothing poetic about getting caught. Hammer out reports, dispatch bulletins. you are a phantom, a heroine, a soldier, a pillar of your community. Rock on!

-40' inflatable bear spotted in front of the Greensboro Municipal complex. 8:26 am Wednesday.



OK. NONE OF THESE TIP'S ARE FULL PROOF, BECUSE ALL OF FDEAS ARE FLLEGAL. BUT I DONE, THEN READ THIS AND BE CAREFUL WITH YOUR OWN COP NOW I AM FOCKSING ON THE CORPORATE CHAIN'S LIKE OFFICE MAX STAFLES AND KINKOS NOT SO MUCH THE SMALL MOM KINKOSNOT SO MUCH THE SMALL MOM AND POP STORE'S, I WOULD LEAVE THEM ALONE, WLESS IT'S ALL YOU CAN FIND. IN THAT CASE JUST DON'T TELL THEM HOW MANY COPIES YOU MADE, AND ONLY AV FOR A FEW ...

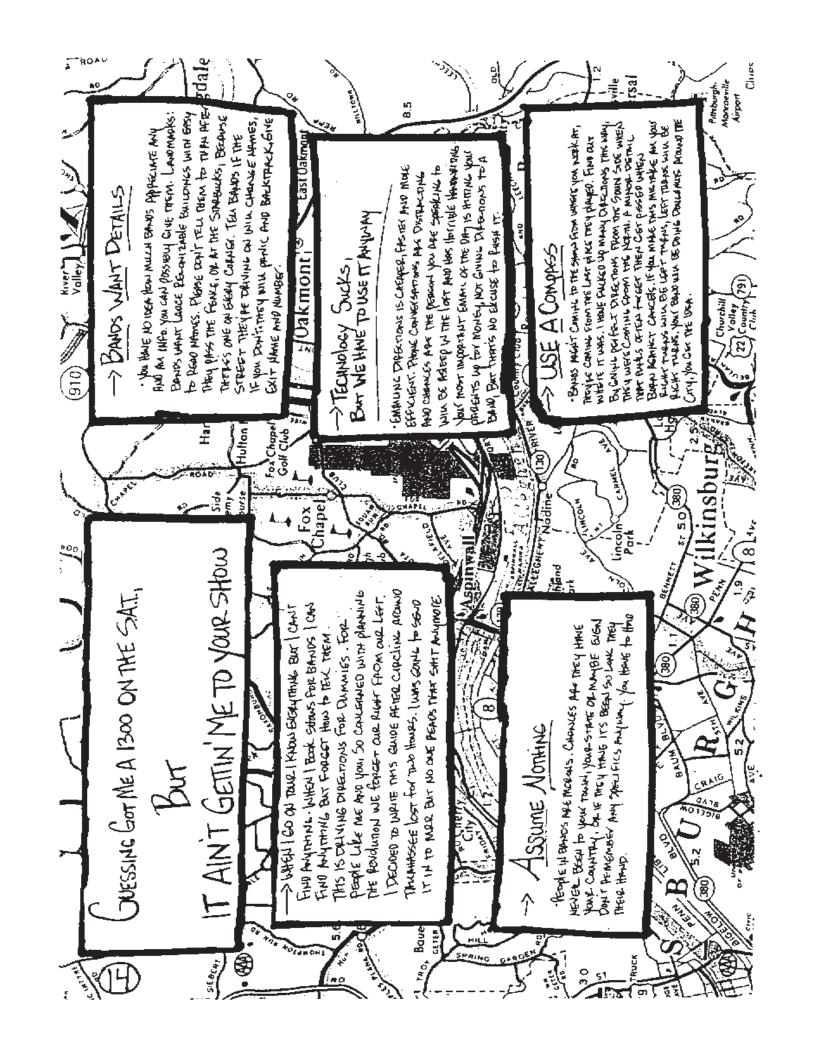
EXEMPLE REPRESENTAGE
FOR THE COMPUTER'S, AND JOB'S DONE
E HIND THE COMPUTER THUS MEANING
THE SELF SERVIS COPTER'S ARE FAIR GAME FOR THEFT. NOW IF THE EASTEST SCAM IS WI FINTSHED YOURJOB, SIM YOURJOB, I ENDLY KENCO'S EMPLOY poking out on YOUR COP COUNTER TRASH AND WALK OUT, THE BEST TIME TO DO THIS IS MID DAY WHEN THAY ARE SWAMPED WITH COSTOMERS THAY WON'T WANT TO RING YOU UP FOR A FEW COPIES WHEN THAY HAVE A FOR A FEW BILLION BUSINESS CARDS TO CUT OUT. BUT THIS IS A LOT LIKE SHOP IFTING FOR A NOT SO SKETCHY METHOD SOME OF THE NEXT FEW

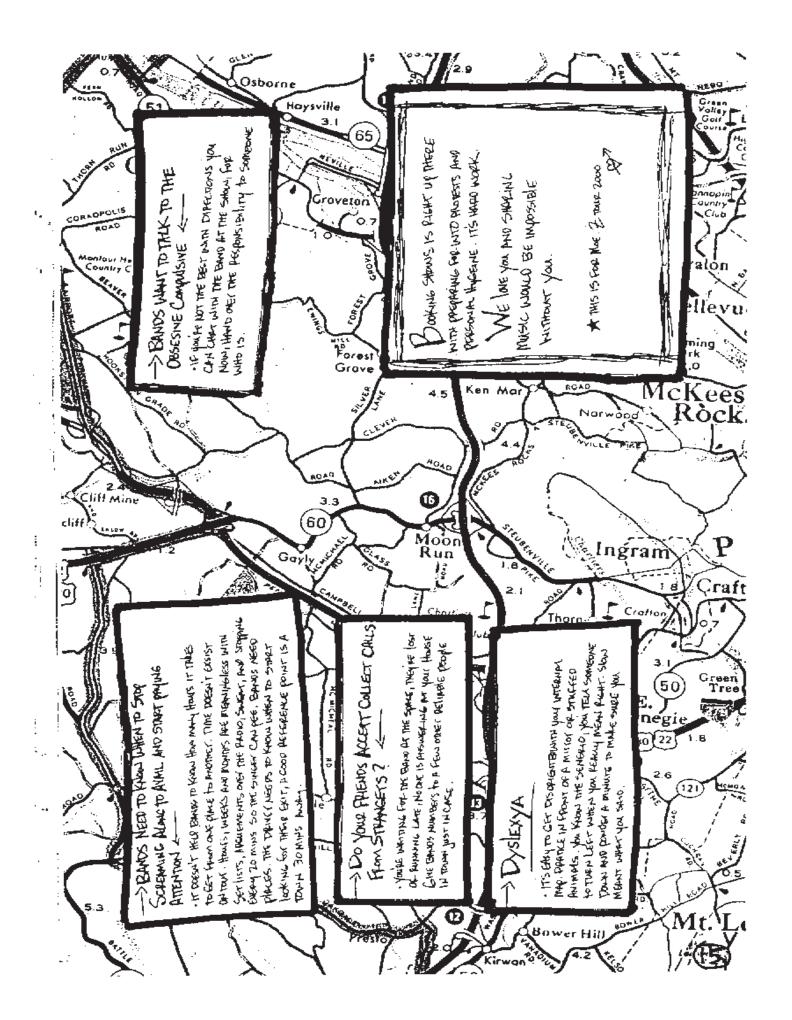
EXAMPLES.

DAS YOU WALK IN TO THE CONVENTANT BUSINESS OF RINKOS COUNTER, AS YOUR EACH TO GET YOUR COP COUNTER, AS YOU REACH TO GET YOUR COUNTER, GRAB 2 PLUG'S BUT DON BE OBVIOUS ABOUT THIS YOUR COP

SIDE VIEW OF A KINKE COUNTER

[13





HERSAL REMEDIES

Hello. Lately the Western World has realized the power of herbs for healing, and I am here with a short guide to the gracious world of herbal remedies. They are much cheaper than our modern medicines, and in most cases work much better with our bodies. Plus, we get to make them ourselves (to a degree) and that is, well, DIY. I compiled this list from a huge herbal encyclopedia I have, and I tried to be concise, but there are so many remedies, and so many things to learn. Most of the remedies in this guide are the safest of the all the listed remedies in the encyclopedia, and most of the herbs are locally available at health food stores, herbal stores, pharmacies, and in your backyard. It is important to note that if you are pregnant or have a sick patient under 6 years old, it would be very wise to consult an herbalist or complete herbal guide before taking or giving any herbal remedies.

The Basic First Aid Kit; Com/rey ointment from bruises and sprains, and for healing fractures. Myrch tincture for sore throats and sone. Thyme syrup for coughs, colds, and chest infections. Witch Hazel for healing cuts and scrapes. Arnica cream for bruises and muscle pain. Valerian tablets for stress and insomnia. Tea Tree essential oil is antiseptic and antifungal. Lawender essential oil for insect bites and stings, burns, and headaches. Slippery Elm for coughs and digestive upsets. Also, it is important to note the properties of Garlic, Echinacea, and Ginger. These three herbs are the most incredible, powerful, miraculous healers, and can be used with any imbalance in your health. It is also a good idea, especially for garlic, to take these herbs on a regular basis, with meals, to ensure good health and bodily functions. The best way to take garlic is to swallow garlic oil tablets, swallow crushed hours, periodically biting on it to release some of the oils.

Making Infusions and Decoctions: Countless times below, the herbal remedy asks you to make an "infusion" of 1 or several herba. Here's how: (it's like making tea) Place the herb in a strainer (can be found at health food and kitchen stores) and put in a mug. Fill the mug with water that has just boiled, and cover the mug and let the herb infuse for 5-10 minutes. The medicinal value of many herba lies in their volatile oils, which will disperse into the air if a lid is not used. Standard ratios are: for I cup water, use 1 tap dried or 2 tap fresh herb; good for up to 24 hours. Some herbs require a more forceful treatment to extract their medicinal qualities; for these we use "decoctions." To make: place the herbs in a saucepan, cover with water, and bring to a boil. Simmer for about 20-30 minutes, until the liquid is reduced by about 1/3. Strain the liquid through a sieve into a jar or other container. Standard ratios are: 20 g dried or 40 g fresh herb to 3 cups cold water, reduced to about 2 cups after simmering; good for about 48 hours.

Herbal Guide for Common Ailments

Allergies

Allergic Rhinitis use Nettle and Elderflower.

<u>Diet</u> · reduce intake or cut out mucus-forming foods such as dairy products, eggs, suger, white flour, fatty foods, and sleohol.

Herbs - Remedy 1: make an infusion with Nettle and Elderflower, 1 tsp each to 2 cups water and take deily for up to 3 months.

Eczema use Witch Hazel, Peppermint, and Oats.

Herbs - Remedy 1: apply Witch Hazel lotion up to 5 times a day. Remedy 2: make a Peppermint lotion by infusing 1 tsp. herb to 1 cup water; leave for 10 minutes, then strain and cool; use to wash gently over affected skin 2-3 times daily. Remedy 3: fill a muslin (or similar) cloth with milled Oats and place under a bot tap while running a bath; relax in the bath 5-10 minutes.

Herbs - For chronic anxiety and hyperactivity, take 10 drops valerian tincture in water every hour for up to 2 weeks at a time. For depression and tension, make an infusion using lemon balm, damiana, or skullcap; drink up to 4 cups a day. For short-term stress, take ginseng pills, chew 1 g of root a day, or use it in cooking; or take 2-3 g Siberian ginseng capsules up to 3 times a day, and avoid caffeine.

Headaches, Migraine, Hangover use Lovender, Linden, Skullcap, Rosemary, and

Dandelion.

General - headaches are caused by many factors, and it is important to diagnose and

treat the underlying cause, therefore treating the headache.

Herbs - For headache, rub a few drops of lavender essential oil on the temples. For tension and sinus headaches, make an infusion with 1 heaping tsp linden to 1 cup water, or use teabags; drink up to 5 cups a day. For migraine, make an infusion using 1 tsp skullcap or rosemary to 1 cup water; take up to 4 cups a day. For Detoxification for hangover, make a dandelion decoction using 15 g root to 3 cups water; take in small quantities at frequent intervals throughout the day.

Insomnia use Chamomile, Linden, Lavender, Passionflower, Valerian, Hops, and Oats.

Herbs - For difficulty sleeping, Remedy 1: make an infusion using 1-2 tsp of herb (chamomile, linden, lavender, or passionflower) to 1 cup water. Remedy 2: take pills containing valerian, hops, or passionflower. Remedy 3: make a suchet with 100g

dried hops and place inside pillow. Remedy 4: eat oats.

Respiratory Tract Problems

Coughs and Bronchitis use Thyme, Balm of Gilead, Licorice, Elecampane, and Eucalyptus.

Herbs - For coughs, make an infusion with thyme, and take up to 5 cups a day. For dry coughs in the throat and chest, infuse equal parts thyme, balm of Gilead buds, and licorice powder; take 1/2 cup 6 times a day; reduce dosage as cough eases. For chesty coughs and bronchitis, make a decoction of elecampane; take 2-3 cups a day; to improve flavor, add 5 g licorice powder; for acute bronchitis, add 5 g eucalyptus leaf to the decoction.

Colds. Flu. Fevers. and Sore Throat use Garlic, Ginger, Lemon, Honey, Yarrow, Boneset, Cayenne, Onion, Thyme, Lemon Balm, Elderflower, Tamarind, Rosemary, Sage, Myrrh, and Echinacea.

Diet - eat lightly; fruit and vegetables are best; avoid greasy, fatty, sugar-rich foods

and dairy products. Drink lots of water.

Herbs - Crush a medium-sized garlic clove, grate a similarly sized piece of ginger, and squeeze the juice from 1 lemon; mix together with 1 tsp honey; add one cup warm water and stir; drink up to 3 times a day while symptoms last. For high fever, make infusion using 1 tsp each of yarrow and boneset, with a pinch of cayenne, to 1 cup water; brew for 5 minutes and drink hot up to 4 times a day. For mild fever, bake a large onion at 400 degrees for 40 minutes; remove and mix the juice with equal amount of honey; take 1-2 tsp an hour up to 8 times a day. For flu with muscle aches and pains, make an infusion using 5 g of each herb (thyme, lemon balm, elderflower) to 3 cups water; brew for 10 minutes and drink up to 5 cups a day. For sore throat, remedy 1: gargle with a decoction of tamarind fruit or 20 ml or lemon juice diluted in warm water. Remedy 2: dilute 1 tsp of equal parts of rosemary, sage, myrrh, and Echinacea tinctures in 5 tsp warm water and gargle; swallow the mixture. For all the above conditions, take Echinacea every hour, and eat garlic with food or plain.

Congestion. Sinus Problems, and Earache use Eucalyptus. Chamomile, and Lavender.

Diet - reduce foods thought to increase mucus production, such as dairy products, eggs, fried and fatty foods, sugar, and refined carbohydrates, such as white flour, and

alcohol.

Herbs - Make a steam inhalation by infrusion 15 g herb (sucalyptus or chamomile) or 5-10 drops essential oil in 3 cups water;; inhale for 10 minutes. For earache, place 2 drops of nest lavender oil on a cotton beall and plug into the ear.

Musculoskelætal Problems

Sprains and Fractures use Arnica and Comifrey.

Herbs - For sprains, apply armics continuent or cream to the damaged area and gently massage into the skin at least 3 times a day. For fractures, gently apply comfrey continuent, cream or infused oil to the area at least 3 times daily. Do not use either herb on broken skin.

Muscle Aches and Cramps use Arnica, Thysne, Rosemary, and Crampbark.

Herbs - For tired and aching muscles, remedy 1: apply arnica cream or ointment, except where skin is broken. Remedy 2: make an infusion with 25 g of thyme or rosemary to 3 cups water; brew for 10 minutes; strain into bath; soak for 20 minutes. For cramps and muscle spasms, take 1 tsp crampbark tincture with water up to 3 times a day, or rub neat tincture firmly into affected area.

Back Pain use Crampbark, Prickly Ash Bark, St. John's Wort, Lavender, Rosemary, and

Pepper.

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Herbs · Remedy 1: make a decoction using 15 g crampbark and 5 prickly seh bark to 3 cups water; strain and rub into affected area, or use 1 thep tincture and apply in same way. Remedy 2: take 2 thep sunflower oil or St. John's wort infused oil, add 20 drops of levender essential oil, 10 drops each of resemany and pepper essential oil, and 1 tep crampbark tincture; shake and rub into tense area, either after a bath or having first warmed the area with a hot towel.

Fungal Infections

Fungal/Yeast Infections use Echinacea, Thyre, Garlie, Calendula, and Tea Tree.

Diet - Cut out or reduce intake of bread alcohol; and other foods containing yeast or

sugar.

Herbs - Remedy 1: mix 2 parts Echinaces tincture to 1 part thyme tincture and take 1 tsp twice a day with water. Remedy 2 crush 2 cloves garlic and swallow with water or eat with food. For vaginal yeast infecions, remedy 1: make a calendula infusion and allow to cool; strain and use as a wish, or add the infusion to a bath and soak for 20 minutes. Remedy 2: use tea tree suppositories, or place 1-2 drops tea tree essential oil diluted with 3 drops olive oil on a taspon and insert into vagina (may sting); remove after 2-3 hours and only use one a day.

Menstrual roblems

Menstrual Problems use Vervain, Linden, Vaerian, and Rosemary.

Lifestyle - combine herbal remedies wit a diet high in fresh vegetables and fruit, and low in fatty foods, sugar, and alcohl. Try to avoid smoking. Regular exercise, particularly that of the waist and pelvina very helpful.

Harbs - For premeneurual tension, remdy 1: make an infusion using vervain or linden (or an equal mix of both) and drik up to 5 cups a day. Remedy 2: take tablets containing valerian, or take 20-40 drop of tincture with water up to 5 times a day. Remedy 3: make an infusion with 1 the dried or 2 thep fresh resembly leaves to one liter of water and strain into a warm bet each morning; alternatively, add 6-10 drops of essential oil to a bath.

Circulatory Problems

Panic Attacks and Heart Palnitations use Linden and Valerian

Herbs · Make an infusion using I tap, of Linden and 1/2 tap, of powdered valerian root to 1 cup water. Drink 4 cups a day.

Poor Circulation to hands and feet use Coyenne, Ginger, Lemon, and Echinacea. Exercise - Aerobic exercise is often the key to improving this condition.

Herbs - For poor circulation, Remedy 1: take cayenne pills, or add a pinch of cayenne powder or chili sauce to every main meal. For chilbluins (painful sores), internal remedy: grate 1/4 tep fresh ginger into food each day. External remedy: apply either fresh ginger, undiluted lemon juice, or neat Echinacea tincture to unopened chilblains twice a week; if blister is open, application will sting.

Hemorrhoids and/or Constinution use Witch Hazel, Common Oak Bark, Calendala, and

Slippery Elm.

Herbs - For hemorrhoids, remedy 1: apply distilled witch hazel or witch hazel ointment 1.2 times a day. Remedy 2: Mix 1 tsp common oak bark powder with 2 1/2 thep calendula ointment and apply 1-2 times a day. For constipution, remedy 1: take Slippery Elm tablets or pills.

Skin Problems

Minor Bites, Stings, and Swellings use Lavender, Sweet Basil, Sage, Thyme, Aloe Vera, Calendula, and St. John's Wort.

Herbs - Remedy 1: Rub fresh lavender leaves, neat tincture, or essential oil on and around the bite or sting. Remedy 2: rub the juice from the leaves of sweet basil, sage, or thyme. Remedy 3: apply aloe vera, calendula, or St. John's wort in the form of ointment, cream, lotion, or tincture.

Rasbes, Burns, and Sunburn use Chickweed, Calendula, Comfrey, Aloe Vera, Lavender, and Witch Hazel.

Herbs - For Rashes: apply chickweed, calendula, or comfrey cream/aintment as required. For burns, blistered burns, and sunburn, apply aloe yers, lavender, or witch hazel 2-4 times a day. Do not use comfrey on broken skin.

Minor Wounds and Bruises use Comfrey, Tea Tree, Aloe Vera, Arnica, and Witch Huzel. Herbs · For cleansing wounds: apply distilled witch hazel or tea tree oil 2.3 times a day. For healing wounds, apply comfrey ointment around the edges of the wound, or if a scab has formed, use a comfrey poultice (bandage); do not put comfrey on an open wound. Remedy 2: apply aloe vera gel as needed. For bruises, apply arnica cintment. or distilled witch hazel 2-3 times a day; do not put arnica on broken skin.

Cold Sores, Chicken Pox, Warts, and Shingles use Echinocea, St. John's Wort, Gurlic, lemon, Alve Vera, and Ginger.

Herbs - Internal remedy 1: take 1/2 tep tincture of Echinacea or St. John's wort with water 2-8 times a day, or take capsules as directed. Remedy 2: eat 1-2 cloves of garlic and 1-2 slices (I g) of fresh ginger a day. External remedy: apply either fresh ginger, half a clove of garlic, or lemon juice up to 6 times a day. For warts, apply alos vers 2-3 times a day.

Fungal Skin Infections, Athlete's Foot use Tea Tree, Clove, Thyme, Calendala, Garlic,

Herbs - For general infections, remedy 1: mix 5 drops of tes tree, clove, or thyme essential oil with 1 tsp calendula ointment. Apply 1-2 times daily. Remedy 2: rub on 1/2 clove garlie 2-3 times a day. For athlete's foot: mix 1/2 tap turmeric powder with 15 ml of calendula ointment; rub in between and under toes once a day.

Acne use Tea Tree, Calendula, Clove, Garlic, Lemon, and Vitamin C. Herbs - Remedy 1: dab a drop of tea tree, calendula, or clove essential oil on pimple twice a day, or cut a clove of garlic in half and rub over area twice a day. Remedy 2: dab pure lemon juice onto area, or make a skin wash with 1 tap lemon juice and 1 thsp'water; use twice a day. And for general help, increase intake of vitamin C and garlic.

Digestive Disorders

Stomachache use German Chamomile, Lemon Balm, Crampbark, Anise, Fennel, Mint,

Angelica, Garlie, and Calendula.

Herbs - For stomach spasms, mix 3 parts of relaxing herb (chamomile, lemon balm, or crampbark) with 1 part carminative (to relieve gas) herb (anise, fennel, mint, or angelica) and make an infusion; drink up to 5 cups a day. For digestive infections, remedy 1; eat 1-2 cloves garlic a day. Remedy 2; infuse 2 tsp calendula in 3 cups of water and drink up to 5 cups a day.

Nausea and Vomiting, Motion Sickness use Ginger, Galangal, Turmeric, Peppermint,

Pennyroval, Lemon, and Horehound.

Herbs • For nausea and motion sickness, remedy 1: make an infusion of ginger, galangal, or turmeric using 1-2 slices of fresh root (0.5 g) or 1/4 to 1/2 tap of dried, powdered, or grated root to 1 cup water; infuse for 5 minutes and sip while hot. Remedy 2: chew crystallized ginger. For nausea with headache, make an infusion with 1 level tap peppermint or pennyroyal per cup of water; drink 4-5 cups a day. For weak digestion, drink freshly squeezed lemon juice each morning. For vomiting, make an infusion with black horehound and drink up to 5 cups a day.

Gas and Bloating use Fennel, Anise, and Peppermint.

Herbs - Remedy 1: make an infusion with 1/4 - 1/2 tsp fennel or anise seeds per cup of water and drink up to 5 times a day. Remedy 2: make a peppermint infusion and drink up to 6 times a day.

Canker Sores and Gum Problems use Myrrh, Licorice, and Sage.

Herbs - Remedy 1: dab pure tincture of myrrh or licorice on canker sores or infected gums once every hour; will sting. Remedy 2: make an infusion of sage and use as disinfecting mouthwash; or rub gums with leaves or powder.

Constinution and Diarrhea use Yellow Dock, Chinese Rhubarh, Dandelion, Licorice, Agrimony, Sage, and Bael.

<u>Diet for constinution</u> - Eat plenty of fresh fruit every day, such as figs, apples, or tamarind, which also counter vomiting, gas, and indigestion.

Herbs - For constipation, remedy 1: make a decoction using 1 tsp of either yellow dock or Chinese rhubarb to 1 cup water; take last thing at night. Remedy 2: make a decoction using 20 g dandelion root to 3 cups water and drink daily, or use the ground root to make an infusion and drink 3-4 cups a day. Remedy 3: mix 3 tsp of dandelion root and yellow dock and 1 tsp licorice, and make a decoction with 3 cups water and drink 1-2 cups a day. For diarrhea, make a decoction using 1 heaping tsp of one herb (agrimony, sage, or bael) to 1 1/2 cups water and simmer for 15-20 minutes; take up to 3 cups a day for no longer than 3 days.

Acidity and Indigestion use Slippery Elm, Arrowroot, Fennel Anise, and Chamomile.

Diet - Cut out acidic foods, such as oranges, red meat, spinach, and tomatoes, as well as alcohol and tobacco.

Herbs · Remedy 1: make an infusion with 2 heaping tap of slippery elm or arrowroot to 1/2 cup water; leave for 15 minutes; take up to 4 times a day. Remedy 2: make an infusion using 1 heaping tap of fennel or anise aceds to 3 cups water (drink in daytime), or chamomile tea; drink up to 5 cups a day.

Nerve and Stress-Related Problems

Anxiety, Depression, and Tension use Valerian, Lemon Balm, Damiana, Skullcap,
Ginseng, and Siberian Ginseng.

Lifestyle - eat well, exercise, and save plenty of time for relaxation.

REPRINTED FROM Inside Front#9

Sooner or later, if you're in a punk/hardcore band, you will have to four. Touring is the best way to spread your music and message; because out of all the people who go to shows, only some of them buy records... out of all the people who buy records, only some of them read 'zines..., and out of all the people who read "zines, only some of them mail order music. So before you worry too hard about getting interviews and records out, you should concentrate most of all on playing shows far and wide. I'm assuming, of course, that your band is artistically ready to present itself at its best-and psychologically ready to suffer through the grisly ordeal of touring. If you think you're ready for it, you're probably not. . but you might be after reading this advice column on the subject.

BOOKING You should be able to get the phone numbers of people who book hardcore shows. from the informal network that exists within our community Ask other bands for their booking numbers, call those numbers and ask them for more numbers,

and go from there. There really aren't any shortcuts to this method-lists of booking numbers tend to go out. of date fast (since hardcore kids seem to come and go so embarassingly fast) and books like "Book Your Own Fucking Life" not only suffer from this problem but also lend. to list such a broad. variety of individuals without differentiating them that you don't know if you're going to play a hippy commune or a

redneck wedding. If anyone finds getting numbers to be that tough, just call the Inside Front hothire, and we can give you advice and help #AHA Once you have the numbers, start out at

(HV

least a month in advance, and in the beginning try to book two or more shows for each night. Believe me, you'll have two or three shows cancelled for each night before you get one that is solid (if you ever get a good show...). You'll probably have so much trouble keeping shows booked that you'll end up booking many of the nights from the road. For this reason, you should have a friend at home to try to keep on top of your show dates while you're on the road, to help out by keeping in touch with promoters and rebooking cancelled shows. When you do get a show booked, make sure far in advance that you have an information number on the show, directions to the show, and know exactly when you must be there. It will be too late to get this information later-and, you'll find, booking agents are hard to reach when you need them.

PACKING Don't bring anything you can do without! It'll just get in the way, and you'll probably lose it or something. That is to say, leave behind that extra nice shirt, or ironing board, or collection of letters from your girlfriend. But do bring everything you could possibly need; general repair tools, duct tape, to:'etpaper, weapons (that will not be recognized as such by cops when they search your vehicle!), credit cards. postage, a cellular phone for emergencies (if you can steal or borrow one"), rope, bungee cords, etc. Bring one or maybe two roadies (but no more, as they will get in the way, slow the hand down, and perhaps distract you from your focus: making music) in charge of packing and unpacking the vehicle, watching over equipment, setting merchandise, and keeping track of everything in general. Make sure you pick your roadies above all on the basis of how responsible, dependable, and skilled they are; there is nothing worse than dead weight on a tour, and nothing better than an individual who can contribute to the group in a variety of ways.

RANSPORTA

Renting a vehicle is pretty damn expensive, but you may have to, so make sure you know exactly how much it will cost in the worst case scenario. Whether you rent, borrow, or use your own vehicle, it is crucial that the vehicle be ingood enough condition to be expected to make it safely through the tour. Van explosions, fires, crashes, and disasters have destroyed more tours (and occasionally bands) than any other problem. Someone on the tour should be skilled with automobile maintenance and repair. and should check on the condition of the vehicle every

day, even when it seems to be doing fine. Make sure your vehicle (and your drivers). are well prepared for whatever weather you may be travelling in-bad snow or even rain can lead to accidents. Whenever at all possible, someone should sleep in the vehicle each night, to protect the band from theft.

You'll want to split up driving as fairly as possible, unless you're lucky enough to have a really good long distance driver in the group. Even then someone should stay up with him and her on late night drives. Plan a route shead of time, and bring a couple different road Atlases with you-plus

closeup maps of cities you're playing in. While you're driving, make sure to always watch for landmarks; otherwise a small mistake can go undiscovered until hours later, when you realize you are three hundred miles from the show. Figure not only gas costs but also tells (which can be very expensive in the northeast U.S.) into your budget. Some days you may have to pay up to \$15 in tolls.

HOUSING Have a few friends' houses (relatives should suffice, if you have no friends). lined up along the way as places where the band can recuperate and gather new supplies. Of course you should arrange this far in advance so you can depend on them. Intowns in which you know nobody, you can expect decent help from strangers (often the person who books the show can put you up or offer advice), but you should expect the worst-especially if you have more than five people in your band. If you absolutely have to rent a room, make sure you do it early enough at night that you have a decent

selection of piotels from which to choose. Bring your on sleeping bags (and, if you're sissies, pillows), but no ε to bedding, as it will just get in the way. Camping out. often works for bands, but bad weather can make it a nightmere and it's not a good idea in winter anyway.

FOOD Bring as much nonperishable food as you can without overpacking. DO NOT eat at gas stations, even though that is the only easy way to eat on tour: the food there is all far overpriced and extremely unhealthy. Whenever you stay with someone, ask them to direct you to a grocery store so that you can buy lots of healthy food cheap. Eating healthy on tour is crucial; you probably won't be eating much, so make sure you eat right or else you will get sick or be too exhausted to play. well.

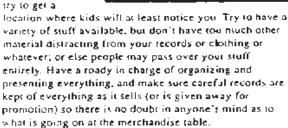
COMMUNICATIO

You'll be at kids' houses, useless payphones, clubs without phones, in the van, etc. and it will be very hard to stay in touch with anyone, either at home or about the tour. Bring a calling card of some kind so you can at least make long distance calls from payphones and kids" houses. You should have a voice mail/answering machine at home, as well, for people who need to contact you (a pager might be a good idea). As I said earlier, it really helps to have someone dependable at a steady number who can take care of business for you while you're on the

her-

It socks, but if you ever make any money at all, it will be from band merchandise. (those of you who, like me, find the idea of

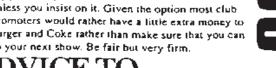
selling things to be inently counterrevolutionary willfind this really distasteful... but I'm just telling it how it. is). Rave a table up. as early as possible at each show. before the kids spend their (noney at other tables, and



MONEY Keep careful records of everything (merchandise expenses and profits, band debts and loans, band income and expenses, etc.) so no one will be treated unfairly and so the band will not suddenly find itself completely broke. Try to be prepared for hidden costs, vehicle maintenance and repair (charging the oil and tites, etc.), buying food, buying or repairing equipment, paying tolls, medical expenses (cold medicine, broken bones, etc.), etc. etc. etc. Try to arrange how much



you can expect to be paid at shows far beforehand; and when you are being paid, keep in mind that almost no one will treat you fairly unless you insist on it. Given the option most clubowners or promoters would rather have a little extra money to buy a hamburger and Coke rather than make sure that you can afford gas to your next show. Be fair but very firm.



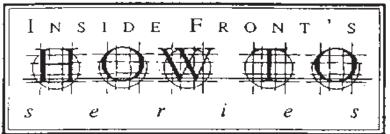
USICIANS Guitarists should take two guitars, both of which they should keep in tune so they can change in the middle of a set if necessary. Of course they should have enough extra cords, batteries, strings, and picks to supply an army. A tuner might help, for, loud, crowded, and crazy situations. Drummers should have extrasticks, extra drum heads, extra snares for the snare drum, extra drum keys, extra screws and other parts, extra pedal springs, and a wrench and screwdriver. Road cases are a real asset to a serious touring band, because they protect your equipment. from otherwise inevitable transport and unloading damage... however, they do take up a lot more space, as well as being expensive. The band should have a checklist of equipment. which they consult frequently, especially during loading and unloading, to prevent theft or loss of costly and crucial equipment.

It is of utmost importance that you take care of your throat, or else you won't be able to adequately play your part in the band. Take throat lozenges and plenty of anything else that helps your throat. I've found that something that helps far more than unything else is to simply not speak at all for the rest of the night after each show. This way your voice can heal for the

next night. Of course this is the time when you're meeting people and discussing things, so it's hard to remain mute, but let the other hand members do the talking. Warm up before shows by loosening up your thoat and making a little noise. I've been told that drinking hot tea in the morning (and not speaking for an hour afterwards) also helps your throat to heaf More than any other band member, you must avoid illness at any cost.

Second to automobile trouble.

illness ruins more tours than any other problem. As members of a touring group, your health will be completely interdependent; because you all eat, sleep, and breathe together every moment of the day, any illness that one of you gets will spread to the others instantly. Touring is difficult enough; with strepthroat or fevers, it becomes near impossible. And remember, you're on the road to give your very best performances for people who haven't seen you before. So the members of the



band and the roadies owe it to each other to get as much sleep. and healthy food as they possibly can. Be in great physical. condition before tour, because on it you won't get any food. sleep, or exercise. You will be stuck in a little box breathing freeway smog half of the time, and the other half of the time. you will be breathing dirt and eigerette smoke in the worst clubs and houses you can imagine in every ghetto in the nation. Bring as many vitamin supplements (vit. Clexpecially), protein supplements, and varieties of medicine if you can, It's tempting to stay up all. night every night when you meet new people and see new places, and to some of you it might be tempting to use all the drugs that may be around. you, but I would recommend against both, because they really wear you out and set you up for sickness. Also-expect to get very dirty, as public bathrooms in the U.S. are pretty fucking

homble (as will be most of the houses you stay

recommend listening to bands with the letters

at) and showers will be pretty hard to come by. I

"dis-" and "anti-" in their names... somehow that makes me feel more comfortable when I'm covered in dirt and grime.

MENTAL HEALTH

If you love your bandmates and roadies when you leave for tour, you will hate them when you return. If you already have trouble getting along with them before you leave, expect the band to break up (and possibly kill each other) during the tour. If you have an easy life at home, touring will be the hardest thing you ever experience... if you don't really have a home and your everyday life consists of stealing food and slouching on lonely streetcomers, touring won't be so bad-infact the occasional free food and housing will be exciting. Try to keep a positive attitude so you can get along with your tourmates; the less complaining and the more bighearted everyone is, the better it will be for everybody (it's just like real life or more so). Don't let bad shows get you down on tour: you'll have a million of them, and the best things a new band can do are to learn how to play a great show to three kids, and to get over playing badly fast enough to play well at the next show. On your first couple tours you'll be learning, above all; learning to do those things, and making new friends. - and contacts that will help youin the future. After a few really tough and unrewarding tours, you'll have enough knowledge and experience to start putting together decent ones.

ONE MORE NOTE

This amazed me, but there are still some teenaged girls out there who think there is something intrinsically exciting about guys in bands. These young women are probably not actually attracted to you, but only to what they think you represent: a little rebellion, a little MTV-style rock and roll glamour, maybe a little attention from a new guy from out of town. Going to great lengths to sleep with these girls (so they can

tell everybody how they slept with the bassist of so-and-so-band) is probably a bad idea, because it is likely to get in the way of general band needs and will thus cause tension and possibly hurt your four in general. Not to mention that you're probably just helping them to make more of a mess of their lives (and perhaps your own), as the usual concerns relevent to sex with strangers also come up here. Please don't mistake me for a puritan, but my advice is to ignore how lonely you are on the road and treat these girls as the young, misguided human beings that they are, not as party favors. I'm sure this situation will happen to you at least as often if you are a woman in a band, so my advice is relevant to both sexes.

THE BORDER TODA

This is very difficult.

Don't let anyone book you a show in Canada telling you it will be easy to get there.

Occasionally they don't check a vehicle, but usually the border cops will go through your stuff. If they think you're crossing to their country without a work permit, to make a

million bucks playing shows (even if you're more likely to lose money), they won't let you in. If they see equipment, let alone shirts and records, they'll be really suspicious. The best thing to try is to have a fake contract to record at a studio in Canada (hide the shirts and records weil!) so they think you're going to bring money into their country. You could also try to say that you're taking a shortcut from one part of the U.S. to another, if that is geographically feasible. These cops will confiscate mace, weapons, fireworks, etc. (basically anything you're not allowed to have in junior high school), so be warned. You may think I'm joking about how difficult crossing the border is... but when Dan and I tried to cross on our four last June, the cops tried to plant marijuana on us and bully us into admitting it was ours so they could incarcerate us. It took a few hours before they finally had to give up and let us go-and by then our show was over.

TO SUM UP Touring is very

difficult when you organize and execuse it on your own without the help of some big fucking company. I've seen many bands set out with real dreams and meaningful goals, who after many months of gruelling and unrewarding work couldn't remember what they wanted except maybe to get paid their guarantee and get a nice hotel room to sleep in. Touring is so exhausting that it can force

you to forget and formission. But it's must do as a allow it to get you. Do not your idealism term gouls.

sake your
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and your long
Fight!



A Philosophy A Zene

So you wanna pat out a zine." Well, before you even put pencil to paper or furgers to keyboard, you would do well to decide on one major, analying theme or purpose to focus your efforts on, a goal that this new zine will rive to accomplise. Like hands "Do a hardcore "fanzine." Like art. Start an independent art publication or newsletter. Hate everything around you? Start a prefentious, highbrow revolutionary political zine. Whatever you decide, just be sure it's something you are passionate about, with plenty of room for creativity—too many zines just plam suck because they're clicke and formulaic. Please try to make it worth the environmental cost of the trees that were cut down to print it on.

Next you might want to approach a friend or group of comrades who will want to do this project with you, because unless you do it half-assed, it is going to be a lot of work, time, and (hopefully not) money. Not to mention working with others on meaningful, tangible goals is the foundation for almost exerything worthwhile in this world, if you ask me. Start out small with moderate goals, and once you get the hang of drings (and figure out if you like doing a zine in the first place), start expanding your efforts and arobitions to unheard-of heights. One thing that really helps keep the project moving along is setting deadlines. Even though they will make you feel like a dickheaded corporate slave/master, deadlines can be the necessary factor in turning a cool idea that drags on with your apathy into concrete action and a final product. Be prepared to assume full parent-mode as you ruthlessly browbeat the people who promised to help you into doing what they said they'd do before they realized how busy doing nothing they were

Once you have the amount of content you desire for an issue of your soon-to-be zine, it's best to get together with all the main contributors or "editors" and have meeting after meeting discussing how it will all fit together. If you want to put out anything slick and professional, you need to be an absolutely dreadful, anally-retentive bastard who proofreads and proofreads and plans things out and fixes up every last detail and then proofreads one last time. Remember, thus publication is how tons of strangers are going to be introduced to you and get to know you, and you have the opportunity to present yourself (and by extension, your ideas, creativity, etc.) in any way that you see fit. One potentially sticky situation that may arise at some point is when you use/steal/borrow someone else's words or images in your own zine, and they get pissed that you either didn't give them credit or did but didn't ask permission first My advice is officially, firsk those people. Rub it in their face and blatandy plagrange as much as possible just to piss them off even more (especially if they're flicking lame college graphic design geeks). "inteffectual property" and copyright laws are complete and total worthless capitalist bullshit. And anyway, if you ever get sued or some public spectacle is made of the affair, it's instant and totally free publicity and fame for your publication. That's why my zine is named after the famed and fabled, insidicusty disgusting government agency, the FBI ... haha, fuck you, FBI!

There seems to me to be four main options for laying out and producing your zine cut-n-paste-n-tape in-handwritten, computer layout/graphics/word-processing programs, photocopying, offset printing. The first three choices are pretty much self-explanatory, and the last one simply means sending a final draft to a printing company who will print out tons of copies on huge printing presses, like any corporate newspaper of magazine would be done. And don't forget that the first two options can be interchanged with the last two options according to your desires and needs. I could write a huge separate article all about the actual steps of printing your zine, so I'll just suffice it to say that it is approximately one quarter adventure and excitement and three-quaries headache and bassle and all totaled, is one huge aspect of putting out a zine that must be figured out by the zinesters themselves (so good luck).

At this point you will notice how doing a zinc creates a huge black hote in your waller that sucks up overvlast penny you dog out of the couch cuslions, and unless you're not this creates a dileinma of funding. There are a few beaten paths here, such as selling advertisement space to whomever for a predetermined rate, or refusing to bow down to capitalism and funding the entire thing out-of-pocket and charging a certain price per issue to make the money back (wait, isn't that a contradiction?). I recommend you seek out a more creative and adventurous way of funding your project, like scanning copy centers or starting a distro of whatever or organizing fundraisers in your community or stealing cars and selling them to chop-shops—above all, be creative and innovative, and remember, it's only wrong if you get caught.

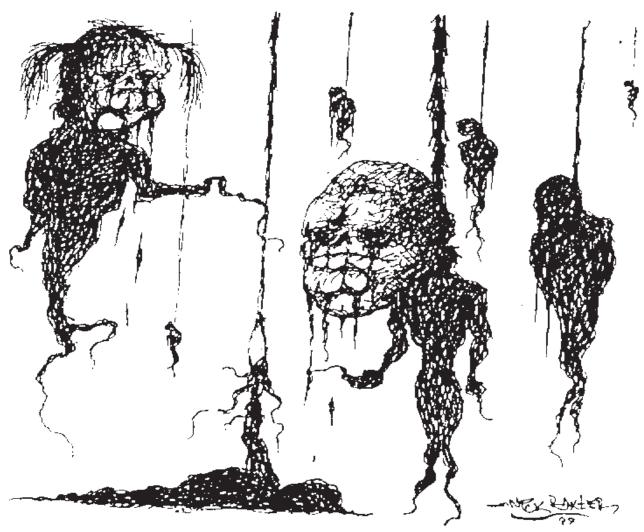
There really are many, many behind-the-scenes aspects of putting out a zine that you will encounter along the way, some of which will be disheartening and discouraging, and others which will help



von in the long run and/or in other aspects of your life. One thing I've learned is that it's all about contacts—who you know and how they can help you and your project. And I'm not saving that in a Machiavellian, capitalist way: I'm talking about reaching out and communicating with and working with others to form mutually beneficial relationships. This is also something one must figure out on their own, but it's a good idea to send a copy or copies at your expense to as many distributors, potential advertisers, and potentially interested and/or influential people as humanly possible, and spread the word about your new project to everyone, everywhere. Self-promotion is key, if you want to eventually have lots of people reading your zine.

Remember, it will all fall into place and get easier after a few issues (and erough hard work and patience), and if your heart and motivations stay true to your goals throughout the process, you will reap many rewards. The greatest thing for me is when a complete stranger writes to me or approaches me to relime about their experience reading my zine, and we start a dialogue about an important issue from the zine or some other aspect of life we have in common. It's protty much the most flattering thing in the world to know that your hard work, passions, and efforts have positively affected someone else (or even just affected them in any way, positive or not). So overall, doing an independent or underground publication is one of the best ways to teach yourself a shiftload of new DTY skills while trying to make your mark on or have some effect on the world around you. Yeah, there are a whole slew of crappy things to deal with in such an undertaking, but with enough inspiration, passion, planning, and just plain hard work there are some very valuable rewards to be gained. Thus article is hardly a comprehensive or complete guide to DTY publications, but daminit, it's a start, and hopefully enough to educate you or even get you off your lazy ass

Any questions, comments, insults concerning the incredibly corny joke in the title, or correspondence of any sort can be routed to Agent Nick of the FB1zine Conspiracy to commit Free thoughts and Actions / 15 W. Dayton Hill Rd. / Wallingford, CT 06492 / USA, or transmitted electronically via phone or cable lines to fluzine/a/hotmail.com. Word.



ADJUSTING GUITAL WORAHOW

you will need: a tuner, a phillips head screwdriver

i'm no expert on guitar repair by any means, but these adjustments are se simple, noone should ever pay 30 or 40 dollars for a professional to dp it.

i believe "intonation" is the relationship of the distances between the nut and the twelfth fret, and the twelfth fret and the saddle (the little metal piece that the saring rests on where it comes out of the body).



if yr intenation is correct, the distance between the nut and the twelfth fret should be exactly equal to the distance between the twelfth fret and the saddle.

to check yr intonation: work on each string individually. (make sure yr strings are fully stretched prior to making any adjustments). tune the string perfectly with the tuner. hit the harmonic over the twelfth fret and make sure it is perfectly tuned. next, play the note fingered at the twelfth fret (the octave of that string if it were played open). if this maximum note is in perfect tune, them yr intonation is correct, chances are, it is sharp (too high) or flat (too low).

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Differentiation. The Location
On the screw and which why
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Dur the scre

than the harmonic at the twelfth fret is alound than the harmonic at the twelfth fret, the saddle needs to be moved back, away from the pickups. do this by turning the screw at the end of the saddle clockwise.

---if the fingered note at the twelfth fret is LOWER than the harmonic at the twelfth fret, the saddle needs to be moved forward, towards the pickups. do this by turning the screw counter-cleckwise.

* REST the guitAr on yr leg As if you were playing it
38 when checking the Notes - don't lay it down cuz it

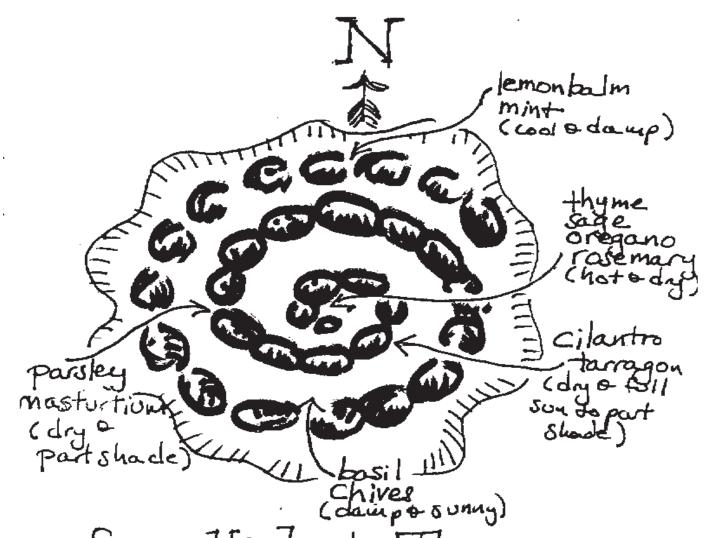
pretty much trial and error, turn the screw in the correct direction a few times, this will throw the string completely out of tune, re-tune the string (using the harmonic) and compare the harmonic to the fingered note again, continue adjusting the screw, retuning the string, and comparing the two notes untill they are both in perfect tune, then move onto the next string. (i keep my guitars tuned to D, and these adjustments are the same)...

you will need: high contrast black and white images, access to a photocopy shop, transfer medium "glue" (you can get this at most craft stores), paintbrush, a big bowl, fabric (white is best cuz most transfer glue dries white), scizzers, an unwanted book

take a high contrast black and white image and bring it to a photocopy place, make a transparency of the image, you can fit many images on one transparency if you shrink them down (you can enlarge them later). next, lay the transparency en the glass of a photocopier with a piece of blank paper on ta top. you need to print out the images reversed. (if they come out normal, flip the transparency the other way). you will need to print the images as dark as possible without distorting the white parts, cut the images out, put a thick layer of transfer glue over the inked side of the paper. you should not be able to see the image thrus the glue. cover the entire piece of paper. put the paper on the fabplace the fabric glue-side down. between the ric-glue-paper thing step on the book pages of the book. this will get out with all yr weight.

any air bubbles and make a tight seal between the paper and the fabric. remove the fabric-glue-paper from the book. let them dry over night.....fill the bowl with waterand soak them for a few hours--you will have to put something heavy on top of them so they stay submerged. rub the paper off the fabric with yr fingers. the ink will be imprinted on the fabric with the glue. you may need to run them under water in the sink and rub more paper off as they start to dry. this part is a gain in the ass, but well worth it in the end.

をいっていることというとはなるないのできることとのないと Set the stoner in a clockwise newspaper to prevent weeds. Spiral going up the mound; the stones will help to direct COMPOST IS EASY stan of grass, just put down also heat up in the sunand be wormest and dright, best for The top of the Spiral wil be layer of cardboard or i the flow of water and will Keep the herby warm Volla- microclimates Mediterianean herby. T climate herbs. The the north side south side of the will be downer The lower part spiral will get more sun than better for Gol with very different needs in a small space. piral you can grow lots of herbs ! job isto pay attention. Withan herb and enrich with compose it you've Use the best dirtyou can tind "Igot it. Mound up the dirt in least six hours of sun a day. You can build the Spiral on a a pile about 2'high anc o Enough dirt to make a sport where it will Fist-sized rocks Plants Know what toat poild it : 3-4' wide. What you need:



Some Herbs to Try:

BASIL: Good in soup, stew, bread-anything. Basil leaver can be layered in a jarof oliveoil and kept in the retrigerator

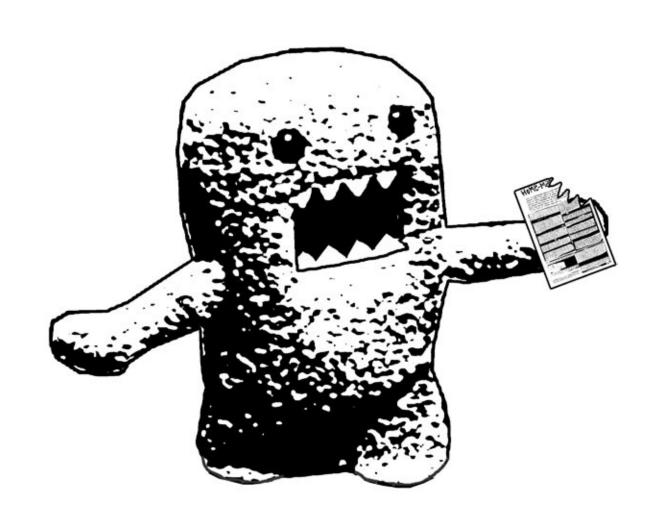
CHIVES: Onion-flavored leaves, good for salads, bread, soup or just sprinkled over everything.

CILANTRO: Useda lot in Mexican and Asian Cooking. The leaves are cilantro and the seeds are coriander. 41

teaport (not metal)) and put in two
tablespoons of chapped fresh herb.

Four in two copy boiling water and
et stand for 6 or 7 minute - no more
than 10 minutes or the tea will be
bittle. Sitain into a cup and sweeten Almost any kind of therb can be wed for tea. Warm a china orglassi Flavor Han Russian tarragon-good in [ARRAGON: French tarragon has more in soupe, stend, sauces, Pizza. Thyme flowed attract bear, which is good to, and Flavor - Pland-Several. Use sprigs のないなる とのような of thyme, each with its own aroma Soyos, Sauces and Vinegar. Trimback occasionally to Keep the plant follower and booky for the Many varieties Herbalg lea (@)(@)(@)(@)(@) pollinating the garden. Down #100 OREGANO, Good on Pizza, Soup, Vegetables TARSLEY: Good on all Kinds of things and very high in vitamins jalso a natural Greath Freshener. Don't plant near mint - they don't grow well needa little. Sage teo is a mosth was and good for the digestion, And old sorting: in salady, repels insent in the Barden. SAGE: Good in soups, road potations MASTURTIUM: PEPPECY Flower are Good in saladu and tea. Mint spreade like Crazy, to limit spreading, plant in a buried flowerpot or coffee can with a slightly different task. Good? MINT: Many Varieties of mint, each JEMON BALM: Lemony leaver, good in Sociade and tea. Git it bottom removed of

Sorry... we fed Domo Kun this page.



Many apologies. He threatened to eat us.



Why You Should Release Your Own Records ... And How To Get Started



Considering the emphasis placed on the "d.i.y. ethic" in our community, it's remarkable how many people still take for granted that they need someone else to release their music for them. I think it's best, under most circumstances, for bands to release their

own music. Here are some reasons:



Control: The average label may well take your specific intentions with the record less seriously than you do (remember, they do have an agenda of their own), and even if this isn't the case, they may not understand exactly what you want—you may not know what you want or don't want until you see the finished product, unless you're directly involved in the process. Even in the best circumstances, with the most trustworthy and committed people working on the record, there are still chances that something will go wrong (a layout error, a pressing delay, etc.)—and if it does, it's better you have yourselves to blame than strain a relationship with someone else.



N N

Finances: Who should decide what is done with the money made from your record (if any is made)? You, of course. Decentralizing power and resources in the hardcore scene means taking control of our individual financial endeavors and not letting the "hardcore capital" (whether finances, information, or status) end up all the hands of a small circle of scenester record label guys. If you're against capitalism, you'll still want to make sure that you know exactly what's going on in the compromise with the exchange system that you're making—you'll also want to know that if there are profits, they go to fighting capitalism as you see fit, not maintaining a smaller scale version of it. And even if you are a fucking capitalist (heaven help you), you should know already that the people who suffer the most under this system are the *employees*. Put out your own records when you get started, so you'll have the resources later on to keep doing it and control your own affairs. Besides, if you have any money at all, or can borrow any, it's about the best thing you could do with it. Put out your records with it, and it'll come back as control over your artistic endeavors and useful experience (and maybe enough money to do bigger projects with next time).



Contacts: But who's going to do the work to distribute the record? You are. Don't deny yourself the chance to learn all the stuff you will by doing this—you'll make more of the contacts you need to book your own tours, undertake other projects (musical or not) in your community, find out exactly what prices you think are fair for records in the first place. If you assume that distribution is the private power of a privileged few, you reinforce that state of affairs—but it's really not so hard to do. In fact, you may be willing to work a lot harder on getting your record out there than anyone else will.



Ultimately, you either integrate the different projects and needs in your life into a whole that works, or you end up fragmented, having to choose some parts of yourself at the expense of others. You can work full time, make music when you have a little energy, and let others handle the financial aspects of the music, spending the money you make on entertainment to waste the time you're not playing or working... if you don't get anywhere with your band, it may well be because you didn't approach things in a way that would make you how or learn where to go—and if you do get somewhere, you'll be dependent on labels/booking companies/etc. On the other hand, you can solve a lot of questions at once with the d.i.y. approach: what you do for entertainment/excitement and productive labor and companionship can all be synthesized into one thing if you're involved in the punk scene in more ways than just rocking sometimes. Releasing your own records can be a good way to work towards this. If you look back a few years, you'll see that most of the bands that have done important things in our community—Minor Threat, the Dead Kennedys, Crass, M.D.C., to name four—all got started by putting out their own records.



But how? I trust you already have things worked out with a studio—if not, ask a band whose recordings you like where and how they record, and start from there. After recording, you'll need to do mastering (otherwise, the CD pressing plant will do it for











you, without your input)—this is basically the intermediary part of the process, in which the sounds from your recording are arranged to the best effect for vinyl or CD, and the song order is arranged if it hasn't been already. The studio that records you may have some good advice about mastering. For releasing CDs, I'd say: steer away from package deals. They're probably charging you for the convenience. You should be able to get CDs made for about 65 cents a piece, so make sure you find a company that has prices in that range. You probably will be making the inserts somewhere else-if you are making traditional four-color CD inserts, you'll need to find a local professional place that can print out the color separations from your layout (probably from a computer, these days). often use Dorado Press from California to do CD and record package printing, they're not too bad. Alternatively, you can make the packaging yourself, with screenprinting (not hard to learn, but pretty time consuming) or xeroxing or what-have-you. Keep in mind that there's always a cheap substitute for something made by the "music industry" at inflated prices. All this holds true for vinyl pressing as well, although there's another step in the process: lacqueting, in which the molds for pressing the record will be made. You need to do this at a quality place, so your record doesn't sound like shit. As for record pressing plants, I'd warn against United, their quality is shit, and Erika, which is often too

Michigan for doing 12"s, if you can track them down—they're much cheaper than most, about 70 cents per record. Then what? Send copies to review to every magazine that you can count on to review it. Write to every distributor you can get an address for, and ask them for contact information for all the distributors they know. Talk to other bands and labels about how they do things. Go on tour. Buy ads and do mailorder. Here's where the one actual piece of practical advice I have to offer comes in:

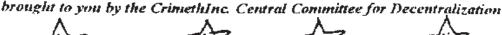
busy with their celebrity clients to care about people like us. There's a great place in

ABSOLUTELY CRUCIAL INFORMATION FOR USING THE POST OFFICE!

It's a real tragedy how few people know how much money can be saved by learning the various rates you can send things at the post office. Don't send everything first classthat's a ridiculous waste of money. For records, CDs, and 'zines, there's another class, called "Fourth Class Book Rate," which is much cheaper, if about a week slower. They won't offer this to you unless you bring it up yourself. Use their terminology (reproduced here in quotes) so they assume you know as much about this shit as they do. If they are dubious ("Is this really a book?") you say: "It's in excess of fifty pages, permanently bound, no letter or message enclosed"—even if that's not the case, as long as it could be. looking at the package. You can also say it's a record with music on it, if that's clearly what it is, and they'll give you the same rate.

For international packages, here's some more advice: unless you're just sending a tiny letter, never admit to having a letter in the package, that will skyrocket the price. You can usually get a "book rate" of some kind if you ask, and sending things surface rate can save you a lot of money (although it will take an extra month or more). The best thing to know about for surface rate packages is the Mail Bag class, which works for parcels over a certain weight limit; say you have a package containing "books only" (this should be written on the parcel as well), to go in an "M-Bag," and they will give you an ancient bag to put the package in, and a tag label to fill out for it. You can send something overseas in a mailbag for \$15 that would cost you \$100 otherwise. Oh yeal--one more thing: for customs forms, always fill out that you're sending gifts, of minimal value—customs usually ignores anything of a value less than \$30, and you don't want your poor distributors/correspondants having to pay taxes. Ask them about more

That's all for now. Don't be shy about asking for help. Good luck!



details, they'll probably have requests of their own on the tax-evasion tip.









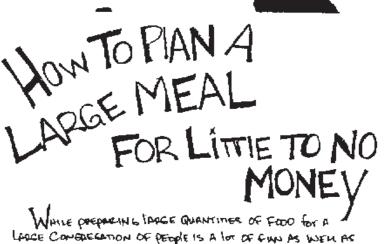












WHILE PREPARTING PAPER QUANTITIES OF FLOO FOR A
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SHAVE WITH YOU HOW I GOT PROUND THE STRESS AND THE BE SO I CANO
CONCENTRATE ON THE PAY OF COOKING FOR FRIENDS.

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Play your cards right you come END up taking Home
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Theats.

STEALINE IS ONE OF MY PERSONAL FONES. IF YOU KNOW WHEN YOU'VE DONE AND YOU FEEL CONFORTHALE, TAKE GUERILLA ALTION AEMINST YOUR MECHO MART GROCERY STORE BASTAMOC AND HAVE A FIELD DAY.

If you con't foot Good About STEALING FOR WHATEVER PERSON. DON'T DO IT. THERE IS PLENTY OF FOOD OUT THE'E, YOU JUST HAVE TO LOOK A WITHE HARDER!

HAVE FOUND THAT DETERMING RICE, SPICES, OUVE OIL AND FOUND THE DEEM HALL HARDER TO DO DH A CONSISTENT BASIS WITHOUT OUTSIGHT [IBERDATING THEM CHOM THE GROCERY STOKE BASTARDS.

MY BEST ADVICE IF YOU WANT TO GO THE NOW-THEFT POUTE, WOULD BE HIMING COMBLE DOWN THAT CAMPUS SHUTS DOWN FOR THE IAST 2 OK 3 NIGHTS BEFORE THE CAMPUS SHUTS DOWN FOR THE SHIMMER. YOU WOULD BE AMPSED WHAT THOSE SILVY I BYEAT OLD WILL THROW AWAY. YOU COULD ALSO BREAK DOWN AND SPEND A LITTE CASH BURGH. BULK SPICES, AT THE CO-OP. IT'S PRETTY CHEAP AND AS EAR DA I'M CONCERNED SPICES ARE NOT AN OPTION TO BE CHINTEY WITH. FICE AND DIVE OIL CAN ARO BE DURCHASED IN BULK AND DEPONDING ON HOW MUCH OF AN IDON CHEF YOU APE, WILL I PUT YOU A love TIME IF YOU'S FAOT WASTERLY.



